

Name: Sample patient DOB: 1/1/1965 Gender: Male

Facility: Sample Facility Provider: Sample Provider Allergies/Notes: Codeine Panel: Wound Sample ID: 1234

Gram-positive organism(s), most likely represents resident skin flora.

Collection Date: 12/1/2024 Reported Date: 12/2/2024

DETECTED PATHOGENS

Treatment is generally not warranted. Consider further work up and < 10⁴ copies/µL Coagulase-negative **Detected - Low** treatment for CoNS if detected in the setting of surgical site infections, staphylococcus (CoNS) implant/prosthetic related infections, or severe immunosuppression/ nosocomial related infections. Gram-negative organism(s), may be responsible for skin and soft tissue 10⁴-10⁶ copies/μL Klebsiella pneumoniae **Detected - Medium** infections (SSTIs). More frequently implicated in chronic wounds and diabetic/immunocompromised patients. > 10⁶ copies/µL Staphylococcus aureus **Detected - High** Gram-positive organism(s), commonly responsible for skin and soft tissue infections (SSTIs). (MSSA)

DETECTED RESISTANCE GENES

ermA_B_C

Detected

Confers resistance to macrolides, linacosamides (clindamycin), and streptogramins. Expressed primarily by gram-positive organisms; very rarely associated with gram-negative organisms.

Confers resistance to tetracyclines. Expressed by select gram-negative organisms only.

PHARMD TREATMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Regimens based on organisms most likely to be pathogenic. Microbial load considered when available.

Medication	Dose/Duration	Renal Adjustment	Considerations		
Amoxicillin/Clavulanic acid (Augmentin)	875/125 mg PO BID x 7-14 d	CrCl 10-30 mL/min: 500 mg amoxicillin component every 12 hrs CrCl < 10 mL/min: 500 mg amoxicillin component every 24 hrs	Coverage for: Klebsiella pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) • \$16-29 for 14 day course (coupon pricing) • Avoid in PCN allergy		
OR					
Cefdinir (Omnicef)	300 mg PO BID x 7-14 d	CrCl < 30 mL/min: 300 mg PO daily	Coverage for: Klebsiella pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) • \$25-42 for 14 day course (coupon pricing) • Safe to use in most PCN allergies (~5-10% general cross-reactivity), avoid with hx of anaphylaxis to PCN		
OR					
Cefpodoxime (Vantin)	400 mg PO BID x 7-14 d	CrCl < 30 mL/min: 400 mg PO daily	Coverage for: Klebsiella pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) • \$70-129 for 14 day course (coupon pricing) • Safe to use in most PCN allergies (~5-10% general cross-reactivity), avoid with hx of anaphylaxis to PCN		
OR					
TMP/SMX (Bactrim, Septra)	160/800 mg 1-2 tabs PO BID x 7-14 d	CrCl 15-30 mL/min: Reduce dose by 50% CrCl < 15 mL/min: Use not recommended	Coverage for: Klebsiella pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) • \$14-24 for 14 day course (coupon pricing) • May cause hyperkalemia (caution with ACEi, ARBs, ARAs)		

Medication	Dose/Duration	Renal Adjustment	Considerations	
			Avoid in sulfa allergy	
OR				
Levofloxacin (Levaquin)	750 mg PO daily x 7-14 d	CrCl 20-49 mL/min: 750 mg PO every other day CrCl 10-19 mL/min: 750 mg PO once followed by 500 mg PO every other day	Coverage for: Klebsiella pneumoniae, Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA)* • \$19-24 for 14 day course (coupon pricing) • FQ class-wide warnings include: CNS toxicity, peripheral neuropathy, myasthenia gravis, aortic dissection, tendinopathy, QT interval prolongation, C.difficile colitis	

^{*} Displays variable activity vs pathogen

Additional Considerations

Duration of treatment for bacterial SSTIs generally ranges from 7-14 d. Longer durations may be considered in patients with severe disease or with insufficient clinical response. Diabetic infections of lower extremities may be treated for up to 2-4 weeks. In addition, wounds should be evaluated for bone involvement (e.g. osteomyelitis); which likely warrants systemic therapy along with surgical management. Topical gentamicin 0.1% cream and/or mupirocin 2% ointment may be added for gram-negative and gram-positive pathogens, respectively.

Reviewed by: John PharmD (PS12345) Date: 12/2/2024

The following regimen(s) are based on generally accepted and peer-reviewed antimicrobial activity of specific agents against defected pathogens, resistance genes, and presumed diagnosis based on specimen source and resulting pathogens. Antimicrobial activity and efficacy of agents for freatment of detected pathogens is not guaranteed. Medication selection, dosages, durations, and considerations are in congruence with clinical practice guidelines (IDSA, CDC, AAP, etc), when guidance is available. Additional patient factors including but not limited to HPI, comorbidities, concomitant medications, etc. should be carefully evaluated in conjunction with lister teatment considerations. Clinical correlation and appropriate medical judgment is warranted prior to prescribing a course of treatment.



Have a question about a report? Scan the QR code to chat with a pharmacist or call 904-618-3554.

Disclaimer: Treatment considerations and therapeutic guidance is generated by ChoicePharmD, LLC and is not affiliated with the testing laboratory.